

The slide features a dark blue background with decorative geometric patterns on the left and right sides. These patterns consist of overlapping, colorful shapes (yellow, pink, blue, and grey) that resemble stylized arrows or chevrons pointing towards the center.

Ethiopia, Eritrea, Somalia, Djibouti

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ETHIOPIA



- ~Ethiopia has never been under foreign rule.
- ~During the last 30 years, they have been experiencing serious droughts.
- ~The mountains have rich volcanic soil.
- ~In the 1980s drought caused loss of crops and the starvation of millions of people.
- ~Most Ethiopians living in the highlands are Christians, while most of the lowland people are Muslims.

CURRENT EVENT



ERITREA





SOMALIA



~ Somalia is a country of deserts and dry savannas and much of the land is not good for farming.

~ Somalia is less diverse than most other African countries.

~In the 1990s Somalis experienced widespread starvation caused by a civil war and a severe drought. The United Nations and U.S. helped them to recover.

~The ethnic groups, Issa and Afar broke out in a civil war in the early 1990s. In 2001 the 2 groups signed a peace treaty, which ended the fighting.

CURRENT EVENT

http://www.nytimes.com/2014/02/14/world/africa/car-bomb-outside-airport-in-somalia.html?_r=0

DJIBOUTI



~Djibouti is a small, desert country

~In the 1860s the French took control of Djibouti, it gained its independence in 1977

~Arabic and French are the official language

~The country's capital is also called Djibouti. also the port is the major source of the country's income

~The people of Djibouti include 2 major ethnic groups-the Issa and Afar. Members of both groups are Muslims.